

# CHIP COIL (CHIP INDUCTORS) LQH3NPZ□□□□JRL SPECIFICATION Murata Standard Reference Specification 【AEC-Q200】

#### 1.Scope

This reference specification applies to Chip coil (Chip Inductors) LQH3NPZ\_JR series for Automotive Electronics based on AEC-Q200 except for Power train and Safety.

2.Part Numbering

(ex)LQH3NPZ220MJRLProduct IDStructureDimension (L×W)Applications (L×W)Category InductanceTolerance Tolerance (T)Dimension (T)Others Packaging (T)Characteristics

#### 3.Rating

· Operating Temperature Range.

(Ambient temperature; Self-temperature rise is not included) -40 to +105°C (Product temperature; Self- temperature rise is included) -40 to +125°C -40 to +105°C -40 to +105°C

	Murata Part Number	Inductance		DC Resistance	Self Resonant	Rated Current(mA)			
Customer Part Number						/ inductance	*2 Based on Temperature rise		ESD 5A:
		(µH)	Tolerane (%)	(Ω) Frequency (MHz min)	*3 Ambient temperature (85°C)		*4 Ambient temperature (105°C)	8kV	
	LQH3NPZR68NJRL	0.68	N:±30%	0.032±20%	130	2700	2860	1280	
	LQH3NPZ1R0MJRL	1.0		0.040±20%	100	2250	2780	1230	
	LQH3NPZ1R5MJRL	1.5		0.049±20%	60	1950	2510	1100	
	LQH3NPZ2R2MJRL	2.2		0.068±20%	45	1800	2200	980	
	LQH3NPZ3R3MJRL	3.3		0.095±20%	45	1350	1700	750	
	LQH3NPZ4R7MJRL	4.7		0.12±20%	40	1180	1580	710	5A
	LQH3NPZ6R8MJRL	6.8	M:±20%	0.18±20%	35	970	1360	610	ЭA
	LQH3NPZ100MJRL	10		0.24±20%	30	810	1200	530	
	LQH3NPZ150MJRL	15		0.38±20%	25	650	870	370	
	LQH3NPZ220MJRL	22		0.50±20%	20	520	800	350	
	LQH3NPZ330MJRL	33		0.79±20%	15	420	630	280	
	LQH3NPZ470MJRL	47		1.0±20%	10	360	570	240	

<sup>\*1:</sup>When applied Rated current to the Products, Inductance will be within ±30% of initial inductance value range.

## 4. Testing Conditions

《Unless otherwise specified》 《In case of doubt》

Temperature : Ordinary Temperature (15 to 35°C) Temperature :  $20C\pm2^{\circ}C$  Humidity : Ordinary Humidity (25 to 85 %(RH) Humidity : 60 to 70%(RH) Atmospheric Pressure : 86 to 106 kPa

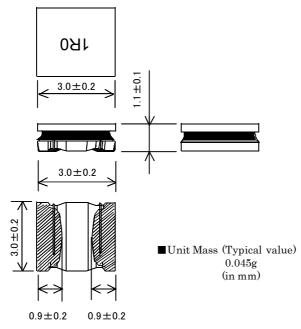
<sup>\*2:</sup>Keep the temperature (ambient temperature plus self-generation of heat) under 125°C.

<sup>\*3:</sup>When applied Rated current to the Products ,temperature rise caused by self-generated heat shall be limited to 40°C max. (Ambient temperature 85°C).

<sup>\*4:</sup>When applied Rated current to the Products ,temperature rise caused by self-generated heat shall be limited to 20°Cmax. (Ambient temperature 85 to 105°C).

# **Reference Only**

## **5.Appearance and Dimensions**



## **6.Product Marking**

Inductance

Three digists :  $0.47\mu\text{H} \rightarrow \text{R47}$   $1.0\mu\text{H} \rightarrow 1\text{R0}$  $10\mu\text{H} \rightarrow 100$ 

## 7. Electrical Performance

No.	Item	Specification	Test Method
7.1	Inductance	Inductance shall meet item 3.	Measuring Equipment : KEYSIGHT 4192A or equivalent Measuring Frequency: 1MHz
7.2	DC Resistance	DC Resistance shall meet item 3.	Measuring Equipment: Digital multi meter
7.3	Self Resonant Frequency(S.R.F)	S.R.F shall meet item 3.	Measuring Equipment: KEYSIGHT 4991A or equivalent

## 8. AEC-Q200 Requirement

## 8.1 Performance (based on Table 5 for Magnetics(Inductors / Transformer) AEC-Q200 Rev.D issued June. 1 2010

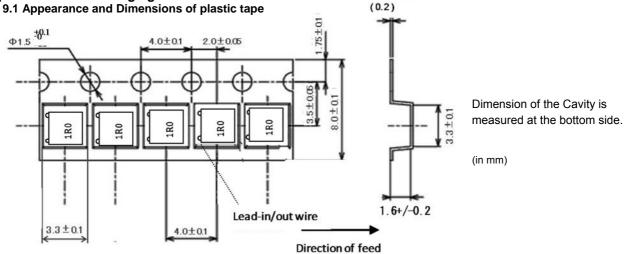
	AEC-Q200			Murata Specification / Deviation		
No	Stress	Test Method	Murata Specification / Deviation			
3	High	1000hours at 125 deg C				
	Temperature Exposure	Set for 24hours at room temperature, then measured.	Table A	Appearance	No damage	
				Inductance change (at 1MHz)	Within ±10%	
				DC Resistance Change	Within ±10%	
4	Temperature Cycling	1000cycles -40 deg C to + 105deg C Set for 24hours at room temperature,then measured.	Meet Table A after testing.			
7	Biased Humidity	1000hours at 85 deg C, 85%RH unpowered.	Meet Table A after testing.			

# Reference Only

	Д	EC-Q200			
No	Stress	Test Method	Murata Specification / Deviation		
8	Operational Life	Apply Rated Current 85 deg C 1000 hours Set for 24hours at room temperature, then measured	Meet Table A after testing.		
9	External Visual	Visual inspection	No abnormalities		
10	Physical Dimension	Meet ITEM 5 (Style and Dimensions)	No defects		
12	Resistance to Solvents	Per MIL-STD-202 Method 215	Not Applicable		
13	Mechanical Shock	Per MIL-STD-202 Method 213 Condition C 100g's/6ms/Half sine	Meet Table A after testing.		
14	Vibration	5g's for 20 minutes, 12cycles eah of 3 orientations Test from 10-2000Hz.	Meet Table A after testing.		
15	Resistance to Soldering Heat	No-heating Solder temperature 260C+/-5 deg C Immersion time 10s	Pre-heating: 150 to 180C /90±30s  Meet Table B after testing.  Table B Appearance No damage  Inductance change (at 1MHz) Within ±20%  DC Resistance Change Within ±10%		
17	ESD	Per AEC-Q200-002	ESD Rank: Refer to Item 3. Rating No defects		
18	Solderbility	Per J-STD-002	Method b : Not Applicable 95% of the terminations is to be soldered. (Except exposed wire)		
19	Electrical Characterization	Measured : Inductance	No defects		
20	Flammability	Per UL-94	Not Applicable		
21	Board Flex	Epoxy-PCB(1.6mm) Deflection 2mm(min) 60s minimum holding time	Holding time: 5s Meet Table A after testing.		
22	Terminal Strength	Per AEC-Q200-006 A force of 17.7N for 60s	No defects		

## Reference Only

## 9. Specification of Packaging



#### 9.2 Specification of Taping

- (1) Packing quantity (standard quantity)
  - 2,000 pcs / reel
- (2) Packing Method

Products shall be packed in the each embossed cavity of plastic tape and sealed by cover tape.

- (3) Sprocket hole
  - The sprocket holes are to the right as the tape is pulled toward the user.
- (4) Spliced point
  - Plastic tape and Cover tape has no spliced point.
- (5) Missing components number

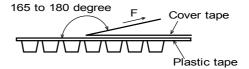
Missing components number within 0.1 % of the number per reel or 1 pc., whichever is greater, and are not continuous. The specified quantity per reel is kept.

#### 9.3 Pull Strength

Embossed carrier tape	10N min.
Cover tape	5N min.

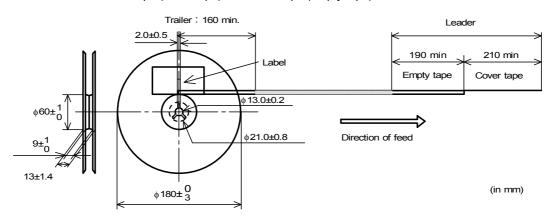
## 9.4 Peeling off force of cover tape

Speed of Peeling off	300mm/min
Peeling off force	0.2 to 0.7N (minimum value is typical)



#### 9.5 Dimensions of Leader-tape, Trailer and Reel

There shall be leader-tape (cover tape) and trailer-tape (empty tape) as follows.



#### 9.6 Marking for reel

Customer part number, MURATA part number, Inspection number(\*1), RoHS marking(\*2), Quantity etc · · ·

\*1) <Expression of Inspection No.>

 $\frac{\square \square}{(1)} \frac{OOOO}{(2)} \frac{\times \times \times}{(3)}$ 

(1) Factory Code

(2) Date First digit : Year / Last digit of year

Second digit : Month / Jan. to Sep.  $\rightarrow$  1 to 9, Oct. to Dec.  $\rightarrow$  O, N, D

Third, Fourth digit : Day

(3) Serial No.

\*2) « Expression of RoHS marking » ROHS –  $\underline{Y}$  ( $\underline{\Delta}$  (1) (2)

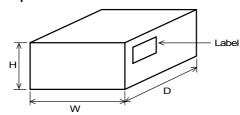
(1) RoHS regulation conformity

(2) MURATA classification number

#### 9.7 Marking for Outside package (corrugated paper box)

Customer name, Purchasing order number, Customer part number, MURATA part number, RoHS marking (\*2), Quantity, etc  $\cdots$ 

#### 9.8. Specification of Outer Case



Outer Ca	se Dimensio	Standard Reel Quantity		
W	D	Н	in Outer Case (Reel)	
186	186	93	5	

\*Above Outer Case size is typical. It depends on a quantity of an order.

## 10. A Caution

## **Limitation of Applications**

Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.

(1)Aircraft equipment (6)Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment

(2)Aerospace equipment (7)Traffic signal equipment

(3)Undersea equipment (8)Transportation equipment (trains, ships, etc.)

(4)Power plant control equipment (9)Applications of similar complexity and /or reliability requirements

(5)Medical equipment to the applications listed in the above

#### 11. Notice

This product is designed for solder mounting. (Reflow soldering only)

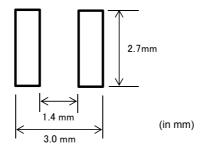
Please consult us in advance for applying other mounting method such as conductive adhesive.

## 11.1 Land pattern designing (Reflow Soldering)

Recommended land pattern for reflow soldering is as follows:

It has been designed for Electric characteristics and solderability.

Please follow the recommended patterns. Otherwise, their performance which includes electrical performance or solderability may be affected, or result to "position shift" in soldering process.





## 11.2 Flux, Solder

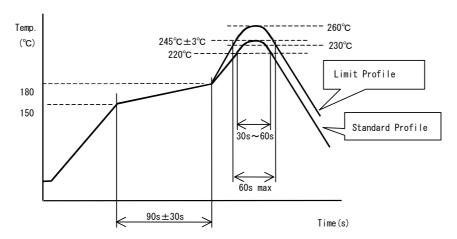
Flux	<ul> <li>Use rosin-based flux.</li> <li>Don't use highly acidic flux with halide content exceeding 0.2(wt)% (chlorine conversion value).</li> <li>Don't use water-soluble flux.</li> </ul>
Solder	<ul> <li>Use Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder</li> <li>Standard thickness of solder paste : 100μm to 150μm</li> </ul>

Other flux (except above) Please contact us for details, then use.

#### 11.3 Soldering conditions (Reflow)

- Pre-heating should be in such a way that the temperature difference between solder and product surface is limited to 100°C max. Cooling into solvent after soldering also should be in such a way that the temperature difference is limited to 100°C max.
- Insufficient pre-heating may cause cracks on the product, resulting in the deterioration of product quality.
- Standard soldering profile and the limit soldering profile is as follows.

The excessive limit soldering conditions may cause leaching of the electrode and / or resulting in the deterioration of product quality.



	Standard Profile	Limit Profile	
Pre-heating	150~180°C 、90s±30s		
Heating	above 220°C、30s∼60s	above 230°C、60s max.	
Peak temperature	245±3°C	260°C,10s	
Cycle of reflow	2 times	2 times	

### 11.4 Reworking with soldering iron.

The following conditions must be strictly followed when using a soldering iron.

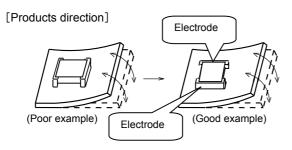
Pre-heating	150°C,1 min
Tip temperature	350°C max.
Soldering iron output	80W max.
Tip diameter	φ3mm max.
Soldering time	3 (+1,-0)s
Times	2 times

Note :Do not directly touch the products with the tip of the soldering iron in order to prevent the crack on the products due to the thermal shock.

#### 11.5 Product's location

The following shall be considered when designing and laying out P.C.B.'s.

(1) P.C.B. shall be designed so that products are not subject to the mechanical stress due to warping the board.

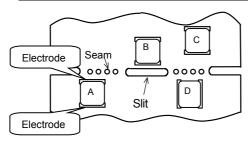


Products shall be located in the sideways direction to the mechanical stress.

(2) Components location on P.C.B. separation.

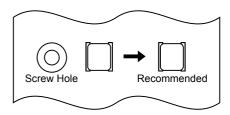
It is effective to implement the following measures, to reduce stress in separating the board. It is best to implement all of the following three measures; however, implement as many measures as possible to reduce stress.

Contents of Measures	Stress Level	
(1) Turn the mounting direction of the component parallel to the board separation surface.	A > D*1	
(2) Add slits in the board separation part.	A > B	
(3) Keep the mounting position of the component away from the board separation surface.	A > C	



\*1 A > D is valid when stress is added vertically to the perforation as with Hand Separation. If a Cutting Disc is used, stress will be diagonal to the PCB, therefore A > D is invalid.

(3) Mounting Components Near Screw Holes
When a component is mounted near a screw hole,
it may be affected by the board deflection that occurs
during the tightening of the screw. Mount the component
in a position as far away from the screw holes as possible.



#### 11.6 Cleaning Conditions

Products shall be cleaned on the following conditions.

- (1) Cleaning temperature shall be limited to 60°C max.(40°C max for IPA.)
- (2) Ultrasonic cleaning shall comply with the following conditions with avoiding the resonance phenomenon at the mounted products and P.C.B.

Power: 20 W / I max. Frequency: 28kHz to 40kHz Time: 5 minutes max.

- (3) Cleaner
  - 1. Alternative cleaner
    - Isopropyl alcohol (IPA)
  - 2. Aqueous agent
    - PINE ALPHA ST-100S
- (4) There shall be no residual flux and residual cleaner after cleaning.

In the case of using aqueous agent, products shall be dried completely after rinse with de-ionized water in order to remove the cleaner.

(5) Other cleaning

Please contact us.

#### 11.7 Resin coating

The inductance value may change due to high cure-stress of resin to be used for coating/molding products. An open circuit issue may occur by mechanical stress caused by the resin, amount/cured shape of resin, or operating condition etc. Some resin contains some impurities or chloride possible to generate chlorine by hydrolysis under some operating condition may cause corrosion of wire of coil, leading to open circuit. So, please pay your careful attention when you select resin in case of coating/molding the products with the resin. Prior to use the coating resin, please make sure no reliability issue is observed by evaluating products mounted on your board.



#### 11.8 Temperature rating of the circuit board and components located around

Temperature may rise up to max. 40 °C when applying the rated current to the Products. Be careful of the temperature rating of the circuit board and components located around.

#### 11.9 Caution for use

- Sharp material such as a pair of tweezers or other material such as bristles of cleaning brush, shall not be touched to the winding portion to prevent the breaking of wire.
- · Mechanical shock should not be applied to the products mounted on the board to prevent the breaking of the core.

#### 11.10 Handling of a substrate

After mounting products on a substrate, do not apply any stress to the product caused by bending or twisting to the substrate when cropping the substrate, inserting and removing a connector from the substrate or tightening screw to the substrate.

Excessive mechanical stress may cause cracking in the product.



### 11.11 Storage and Handling Requirements

(1) Storage period

Use the products within 12 months after delivered.

Solderability should be checked if this period is exceeded.

- (2) Storage conditions
  - Products should be stored in the warehouse on the following conditions.

Temperature: -10 ~ 40°C

Humidity : 15 to 85% relative humidity No rapid change on temperature and humidity

The electrode of the products is coated with solder. Don't keep products in corrosive gases such as sulfur, chlorine gas or acid, or it may cause oxidization of electrode, resulting in poor solderability.

- Products should not be stored on bulk packaging condition to prevent the chipping of the core and the breaking of winding wire caused by the collision between the products.
- Products should be stored on the palette for the prevention of the influence from humidity, dust and so on.
- Products should be stored in the warehouse without heat shock, vibration, direct sunlight and so on.
- (3) Handling Condition

Care should be taken when transporting or handling product to avoid excessive vibration or mechanical shock.

#### 12. **Note**

- (1) Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- (2) You are requested not to use our product deviating from the reference specifications.
- (3) The contents of this reference specification are subject to change without advance notice.

  Please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering.